

Work-from-home and Firms' Resilience: Evidence from the COVID-19 pandemic

Filippo Boeri, Riccardo Crescenzi and **Daide Rigo**

2nd Remote Work Conference – Stanford University – September 27, 2023

- The **COVID-19 pandemic** forced a large fraction of firms to switch to work-from-home (WFH)
- Little is yet known about the impact of WFH on **firms'** responses to the crisis
- Current evidence
 - Focus on a **specific firm or context** \Rightarrow Effects may be **uneven** across firms and places
 - Affected by **unobservables** (e.g. managerial capabilities)

- Use **unexplored** administrative data on the **universe** of employees working from home for **Italy**
- **Difference-in-differences** + **instrumental variable (IV)** approach to tease out **causality**
- **Preliminary evidence**
 - WFH had a **mixed impact** on firms' performance in 2020
 - Pre-pandemic investments in **ICTs** are a crucial mediating factor

- **WFH** – Italian Ministry of Work and Social Policies
 - **Universe of employees** fully or partially working from home
 - Legal duty and **monetary incentive** to declare
 - Due to COVID-19 the procedure was simplified ⇒ fill an **online form**
- **Italy** offers an interesting institutional setting
 - **First advanced economy** to be severely affected by the COVID-19 pandemic
 - The Italian government immediately imposed a **national lockdown** in early March
 - Italy had one of the largest fractions of workers switching to WFH **Eurofound (2020)**

▶ [WFH adoption](#)

▶ [Summary stats](#)

- **Orbis** – Bureau van Dijk [▶ Coverage](#)
 - Balance sheet information: number of employees, labour costs, age and sales
 - Geographical information: latitude, longitude, address, postcode, city, NUTS-2, NUTS-3
- **Broadband internet** – Italian Ministry of Enterprises and Made in Italy
 - Share of house numbers with access to fiber technology
 - 2016-2021 at the census area level (> 400k census areas) [▶ Example](#)
- **Ci Technology Database** – Aberdeen group (previously known as 'Harte Hanks')
 - Measures of firm-level ICT adoption from survey interviews, online communities and estimation
 - Number of laptops and number of servers

[▶ Summary stats](#)

$$\Delta \log(\text{Sales}_i) = \alpha + \beta \Delta \text{WFH}_i + \gamma X_i + \delta_j + \delta_r + \varepsilon_i;$$

- Δ indicates the difference between the year 2020 and 2019
- WFH_i identifies whether a firm i used WFH in 2020
 - Extensive margin: when firm i has at least one employee in remote work
 - Intensive margin: firm i 's share of workers in WFH in total number of employees
- X_i includes firm i 's number of employees, labour productivity, age and average wage (in 2019)
- δ_j and δ_r accounts for travel-to-work-areas (> 500) and 4-digit industry fixed effects

$$\Delta \log(\text{Sales}_i) = \alpha + \beta \Delta \text{WFH}_i + \gamma X_i + \delta_j + \delta_r + \varepsilon_i;$$

- Δ indicates the difference between the year 2020 and 2019
- WFH_i identifies whether a firm i used WFH in 2020
 - Extensive margin: when firm i has at least one employee in remote work
 - Intensive margin: firm i 's share of workers in WFH in total number of employees
- X_i includes firm i 's number of employees, labour productivity, age and average wage (in 2019)
- δ_j and δ_r accounts for travel-to-work-areas (> 500) and 4-digit industry fixed effects

$$\Delta \log(\text{Sales}_i) = \alpha + \beta \Delta \text{WFH}_i + \gamma X_i + \delta_j + \delta_r + \varepsilon_i;$$

- Δ indicates the difference between the year 2020 and 2019
- WFH_i identifies whether a firm i used WFH in 2020
 - Extensive margin: when firm i has at least one employee in remote work
 - Intensive margin: firm i 's share of workers in WFH in total number of employees
- X_i includes firm i 's number of employees, labour productivity, age and average wage (in 2019)
- δ_j and δ_r accounts for travel-to-work-areas (> 500) and 4-digit industry fixed effects

$$\Delta \log(\text{Sales}_i) = \alpha + \beta \Delta \text{WFH}_i + \gamma X_i + \delta_j + \delta_r + \varepsilon_i;$$

- Δ indicates the difference between the year 2020 and 2019
- WFH_i identifies whether a firm i used WFH in 2020
 - Extensive margin: when firm i has at least one employee in remote work
 - Intensive margin: firm i 's share of workers in WFH in total number of employees
- X_i includes firm i 's number of employees, labour productivity, age and average wage (in 2019)
- δ_j and δ_r accounts for travel-to-work-areas (> 500) and 4-digit industry fixed effects

IV = local availability of fibre technology

- Exploit a massive public investment started by the Italian Government in 2015
- 'National Ultra-Broadband Plan' aimed at ensuring 100% coverage of fibre technology by 2020
- To minimise public spending ⇒ adjacent territories ⇒ driven by distance [▶ Distance decay](#)
- Measure of supply rather than its actual consumption
- Fibre roll-out was not fully completed [▶ Share fibre](#)

- Fibre is more **suitable** than ADSL for remote working
 - Superior speed: fibre \geq 30 Mbps vs ADSL \leq 24 Mbps
 - Symmetrical upload and download capabilities
 - Speed not limited by the number of devices using bandwidth
 - Lower latency and more reliable
- ⇒ Crucial for **remote work tasks**: video conferencing, large file uploads, real-time applications
- Access to fibre technology strongly predicts WFH adoption ▶ First-stage

- Are firms covered by fibre technology \neq ? [▶ Balancing tests](#)
- Are there **pre-trends** in fibre adoption? [▶ Event study](#)
- Is fibre technology affecting firms **beyond** remote work? [▶ E-commerce Italy](#)

IV Results

VARIABLES	(1) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	(2) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$
WFH (dummy)	-0.714** (0.315)	
WFH (share)		-0.949*** (0.358)
Observations	376,508	366,211
Controls	YES	YES
NACE 4-digit FE	YES	YES
TTWA FE	YES	YES
TTWAxArea FE	NO	NO
K-Papp F-stat	28.5	42

IV Results

VARIABLES	(1) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	(2) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	(3) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	(4) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$
WFH (dummy)	-0.714** (0.315)		-0.620* (0.355)	
WFH (share)		-0.949*** (0.358)		-0.827** (0.421)
Observations	376,508	366,211	369,661	359,527
Controls	YES	YES	YES	YES
NACE 4-digit FE	YES	YES	YES	YES
TTWA FE	YES	YES	NO	NO
TTWAxArea FE	NO	NO	YES	YES
K-Papp F-stat	28.5	42	37.7	43.6

IV Results

VARIABLES	(1) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	(2) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	(3) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	(4) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$
WFH (dummy)	-0.714** (0.315)		-0.620* (0.355)	
WFH (share)		-0.949*** (0.358)		-0.827** (0.421)
Observations	376,508	366,211	369,661	359,527
Controls	YES	YES	YES	YES
NACE 4-digit FE	YES	YES	YES	YES
TTWA FE	YES	YES	NO	NO
TTWAxArea FE	NO	NO	YES	YES
K-Papp F-stat	28.5	42	37.7	43.6

▶ Essential vs Non-Essential

▶ Young vs Old

▶ Large vs Small

▶ Buffer

▶ No E-commerce

▶ Residential areas

VARIABLES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Extensive margin		Intensive margin	
	$\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	$\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	$\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	$\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$
WFH	0.252 (0.685)	-0.457** (0.206)	-0.478* (0.271)	-0.531* (0.301)
WFH * Laptops	-0.505 (0.638)		0.167** (0.0654)	
WFH * Servers		0.227 (0.170)		0.143** (0.0561)
Observations	124,572	125,162	123,890	123,705
Controls	YES	YES	YES	YES
TTWA FE	YES	YES	YES	YES
NACE 4-digit FE	YES	YES	YES	YES
K-Papp F-stat	16.3	33.7	21.7	22.8

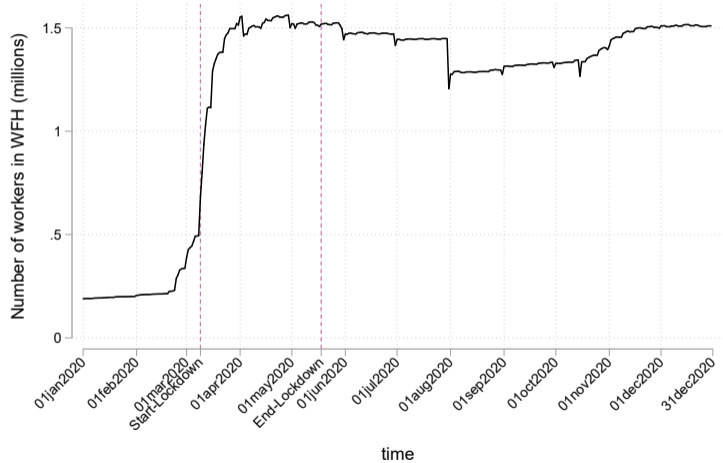
- Fully-remote 'forced' WFH had a negative impact on small firms' performance
- Pre-pandemic investments in ICTs helped companies in effectively shifting to fully-remote WFH
- Work-in-progress: Acquire new firm-level data to expand further our set of robustness

Appendix

- **Firms' resilience** during the COVID-19 pandemic
 - WFH (+) Bai et al. (2021); Panikolaou & Schmidt (2022)
 - Managerial practices (+) Lamorgese, Schivardi et al. (2021)
 - Technological sophistication (+) Comin et al. (2022)
 - Digital capabilities (+) Cariolle & Leon (2022); Pierri & Timmer (2023); Oikonomou, Pierri, & Timmer (2023)
 - Digital infrastructure (+) Doerr et al. (2021)
- **Impact of remote work** on workers and productivity
 - (+) Bloom et al. (2015); Choudhury et al. (2021); Choudhury et al. (2022); Angelici & Profeta (2023)
 - (-) Emanuel & Harrington (2021); Gibbs et al. (2023); Atkin et al. (2023)
- **Impact of broadband internet** on firms
 - Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line (ADSL) Size and productivity Canzian et al. (2019); De Stefano et al. (2014); De Stefano et al. (2018); trade Kneller & Timmis (2016); Malgouyres et al. (2021)
 - Fibre technology De Stefano et al. (2020)

WFH Adoption in Italy (Crescenzi, Giua & Rigo, 2021)

Number of workers working from home, January-December 2020, million

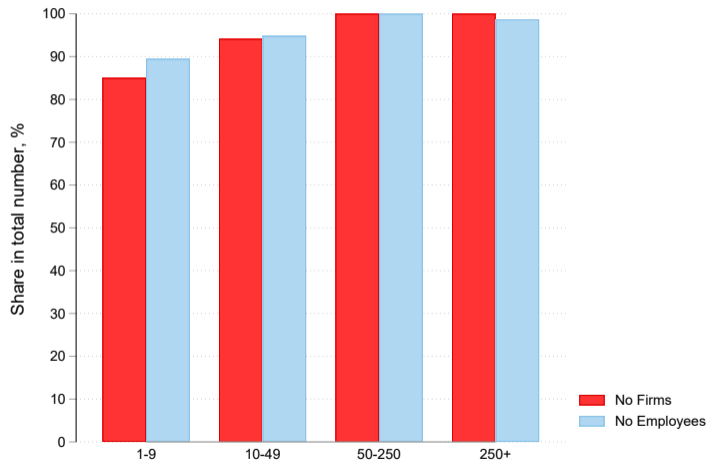


Summary statistics on WFH, 1-digit NACE

Ateco 1-digit	Description	Sh firms in total	Sh firms in WFH	Sh Employees in total	Sh Employees in WFH
C	Manufacturing	17.6	15.8	34.5	15.3
D	Electricity, gas, steam & air conditioning supply	1.1	7.8	0.8	52.1
E	Water supply; sewerage, waste management	0.7	15.9	1.9	15.0
F	Construction	13.4	3.8	7.6	5.5
G	Wholesale & retail	23.0	7.2	18.5	11.6
H	Transportation & storage	3.9	8.6	8.9	15.1
I	Accommodation & food service activities	7.1	1.4	6.4	1.5
J	Information & communication	5.6	25.7	5.3	67.9
K	Financial & insurance	1.4	18.8	0.8	47.9
L	Real estate activities	12.4	2.1	0.8	16.1
M	Professional, scientific & technical activities	8.7	17.8	4.8	46.9
N	Administrative & support service activities	5.1	11.3	9.8	18.7

[▶ Back](#)

Share of firms and employees from Orbis in aggregate statistics



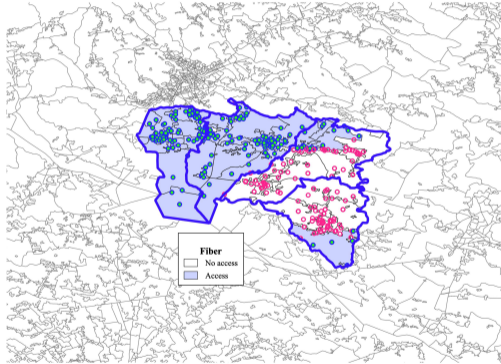
Summary statistics

Variables	Mean	St. Dev.	Median	Min	10pct	90pct	Max	Obs
Firm Variables								
Δ Sales	-0.18	0.57	-0.11	-13.61	-0.69	0.25	13.18	369776
No. Employees	17	112	6	1	1	29	16016	369776
Age	16	14	12	1	2	36	119	369776
log(Sales/Employees)	12	1	12	-2	11	13	19	369776
Avg. Wage	32150	49252	30134	0	10857	51830	385770	369776
WFH Variables								
WFH (dummy)	0.14	0.35	0	0	0	1	1	369776
WFH (share)	0.08	0.23	0	0	0	0.22	1	369776
ICT Variables								
No. Laptops	3	16	1	0	1	5	3567	124540
No. Servers	2	71	0	0	0	2	23621	124540
Cloud (dummy)	0.58	0.49	1	0	0	1	1	36514

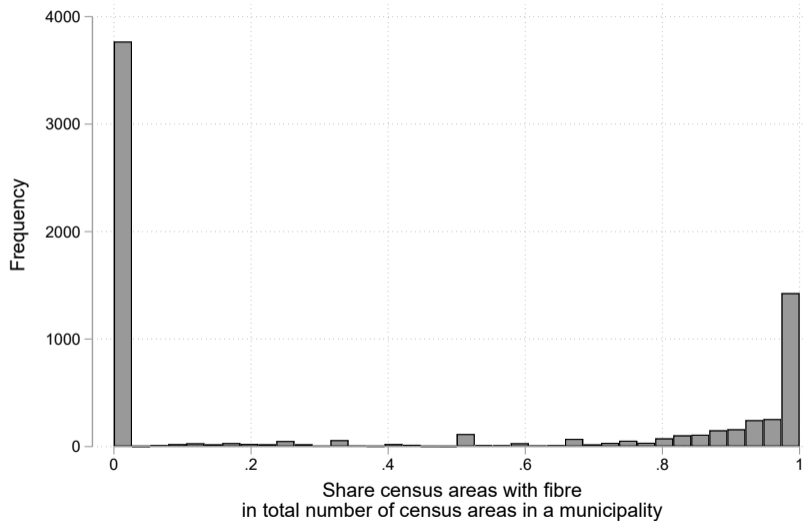
▶ Back

Example Census Areas

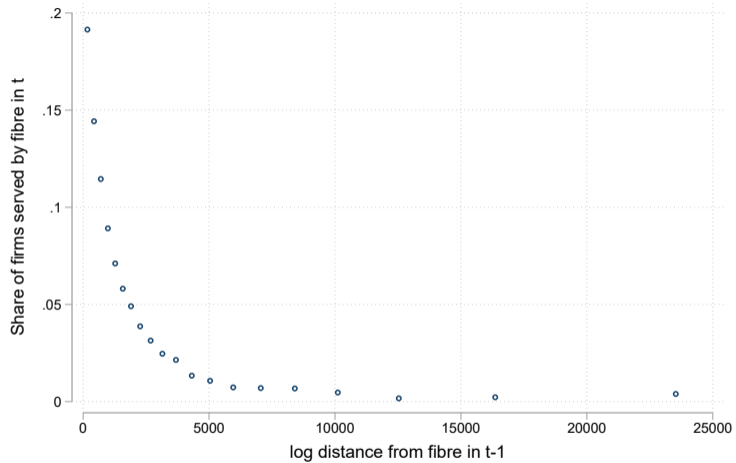
▶ Back



Share Fibre Within Italian Municipalities



Probability of being served by fibre technology



Share of firms with access to fibre, 2019

	All	Micro	Small	Medium	Large
All	0.87	0.87	0.84	0.84	0.89
Region (1-digit)					
South	0.86	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.87
Center	0.88	0.88	0.85	0.85	0.90
North	0.87	0.87	0.83	0.83	0.89
Industry (1-digit)					
Manufacturing	0.79	0.80	0.77	0.76	0.83
Energy	0.82	0.80	0.83	0.89	0.83
Construction	0.84	0.83	0.82	0.84	0.87
Non-financial services	0.89	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90
Type of location					
Residential area	0.90	0.92	0.88	0.90	0.88
Mountain area	0.66	0.73	0.64	0.65	0.66
Industrial area	0.79	0.81	0.76	0.81	0.78
Rural area	0.64	0.67	0.63	0.64	0.63

First-stage Results

VARIABLES	(1) Extensive WFH (dummy)	(2) Intensive WFH (share)
Fibre	0.0112*** (0.00210)	0.00887*** (0.00137)
Observations	376,508	366,211
R-squared	0.233	0.227
Controls	YES	YES
TTWA FE	YES	YES
NACE 4-digit	YES	YES
K-Papp F-stat	28.5	42

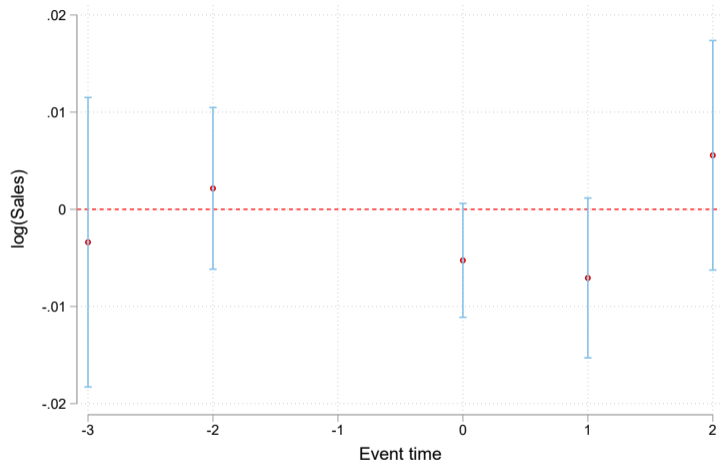
▶ Back

Balancing Tests

VARIABLES	(1) log(Sales)	(2) log(Employees)	(3) log(Age)	(4) log(VA/Employees)	(5) log(Avg Wage)	(6) Laptops/Employees	(7) Servers/Employees
Fibre	-0.0172 (0.0128)	-0.0203** (0.00837)	-0.0236*** (0.00743)	-0.0105 (0.00747)	0.00541 (0.00702)	0.00126 (0.00393)	0.0174 (0.0180)
Observations	376,508	376,508	376,508	335,797	376,508	124,572	124,572
R-squared	0.259	0.193	0.149	0.227	0.126	0.029	0.026
TTWA FE	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
NACE 4-digit FE	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES

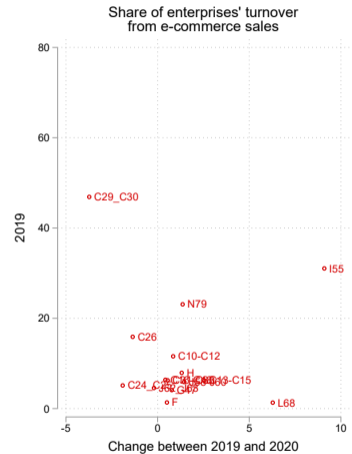
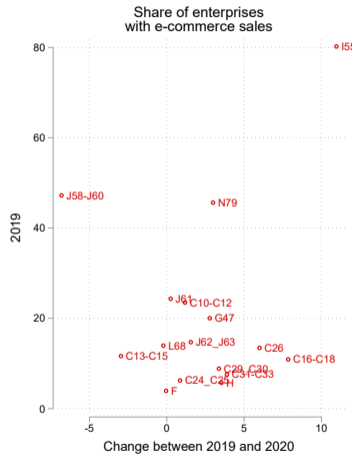
▶ Back

Fibre Adoption and Firms' Sales



▶ Back

E-commerce Adoption in Italy



Essential vs Non-essential industries

VARIABLES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Essential $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	Non Essential $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	Essential $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	Non Essential $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$
WFH (dummy)	-0.586 (0.395)	-0.976*** (0.360)		
WFH (share)			-0.711 (0.506)	-1.863*** (0.642)
Observations	161,780	218,010	157,967	211,417
Controls	YES	YES	YES	YES
NUTS-3 FE	YES	YES	YES	YES
NACE 4-digit FE	YES	YES	YES	YES
K-Papp F-stat	23.7	10.3	17.8	13.8

▶ Back

High vs. Low WFH Potential

VARIABLES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	High WFH $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	Low WFH $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	High WFH $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	Low WFH $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$
WFH (dummy)	0.0281 (0.174)	-1.705* (0.965)		
WFH (share)			-0.183 (0.168)	-3.067* (1.647)
Observations	100,609	150,275	96,358	146,993
Controls	YES	YES	YES	YES
NUTS-3 FE	YES	YES	YES	YES
NACE 4-digit FE	YES	YES	YES	YES
K-Papp F-stat	22.7	7.5	17.9	11.4

▶ Back

Manufacturing Firms

VARIABLES	(1) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	(2) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$
WFH (dummy)	-0.432** (0.200)	
WFH (share)		-0.844** (0.344)
Observations	88,815	87,881
Controls	YES	YES
NUTS-3 FE	YES	YES
NACE 4-digit FE	YES	YES
K-Papp F-stat	28	30.9

▶ Back

Young vs. Old Firms

VARIABLES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Young firms $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	Old firms $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	Young firms $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	Old firms $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$
WFH (dummy)	-1.216** (0.567)	-0.548* (0.294)		
WFH (share)			-1.454** (0.649)	-0.996** (0.432)
Observations	145,506	234,238	139,931	229,408
Controls	YES	YES	YES	YES
NUTS-3 FE	YES	YES	YES	YES
NACE 4-digit FE	YES	YES	YES	YES
K-Papp F-stat	10.1	30.1	8.5	31.2

▶ Back

Small vs. Large Firms

VARIABLES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Small firms $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	Large firms $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	Small firms $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	Large firms $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$
WFH (dummy)	-0.737** (0.310)	-0.223 (0.305)		
WFH (share)			-1.147*** (0.429)	-0.0632 (0.615)
Observations	360,636	19,102	350,272	19,061
Controls	YES	YES	YES	YES
NUTS-3 FE	YES	YES	YES	YES
NACE 4-digit FE	YES	YES	YES	YES
K-Papp F-stat	27.8	4.5	24.5	6.1

▶ Back

Excluding E-commerce Intensive Industries

VARIABLES	(1) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	(2) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$
WFH (dummy)	-2.008* (1.171)	
WFH (share)		-2.148* (1.121)
Observations	105,353	103,019
Controls	YES	YES
TTWA FE	YES	YES
NACE 4-digit FE	YES	YES
K-Papp F-stat	5.1	17.6

▶ Back

Only Firms in Residential Areas

VARIABLES	(1) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	(2) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$
WFH (dummy)	-0.733* (0.398)	
WFH (share)		-0.910** (0.450)
Observations	337,488	328,022
Controls	YES	YES
TTWA FE	YES	YES
NACE 4-digit FE	YES	YES
K-Papp F-stat	34.6	41.3

▶ Back

Buffer Around the Firm

VARIABLES	(1) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	(2) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$
WFH (dummy)	-1.372*** (0.469)	
WFH (share)		-1.628*** (0.598)
Observations	379,790	369,384
Controls	YES	YES
NUTS-3 FE	YES	YES
NACE 4-digit FE	YES	YES
K-Papp F-stat	18.9	16.7

▶ Back

OLS Results

VARIABLES	(1) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	(2) $\log(\text{Sales})$	(3) $\Delta \log(\text{Sales})$	(4) $\log(\text{Sales})$
WFH (dummy)	0.101*** (0.00596)	0.112*** (0.00230)		
WFH (share)			0.113*** (0.00598)	0.126*** (0.00364)
Observations	376,508	753,016	366,211	732,426
R-squared	0.153	0.965	0.179	0.969
Controls	YES	NO	YES	NO
TTWA FE	YES	NO	YES	NO
NACE 4-digit FE	YES	NO	YES	NO
Firm FE	NO	YES	NO	YES

▶ Back