

Labor Market Adjustment

- Today: suggestive evidence that policies during the recession failed to promote labor market adjustment, leading to permanently lower worker hours.
- This matters because in the long-run, the growth rate of potential GDP equals the growth rate of employment that is, worker hours plus the growth rate of productivity that is, output per worker-hour plus some other lesser factors. Thus a slower long-run growth rate of worker hours translates one-for-one into a slower growth rate of potential GDP.

Click and drag within the chart to zoom in on time periods



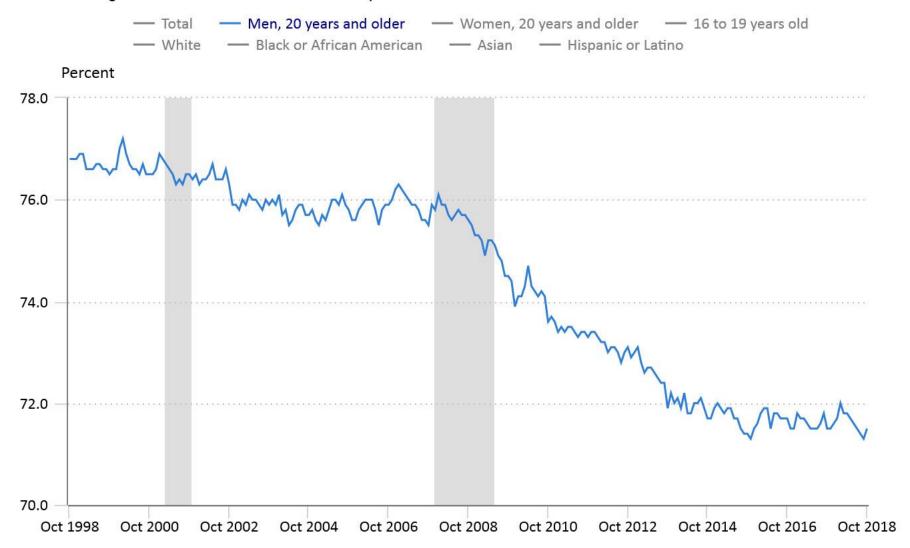
Hover over chart to view data.

Note: Shaded area represents recession, as determined by the National Bureau of Economic Research.

Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.



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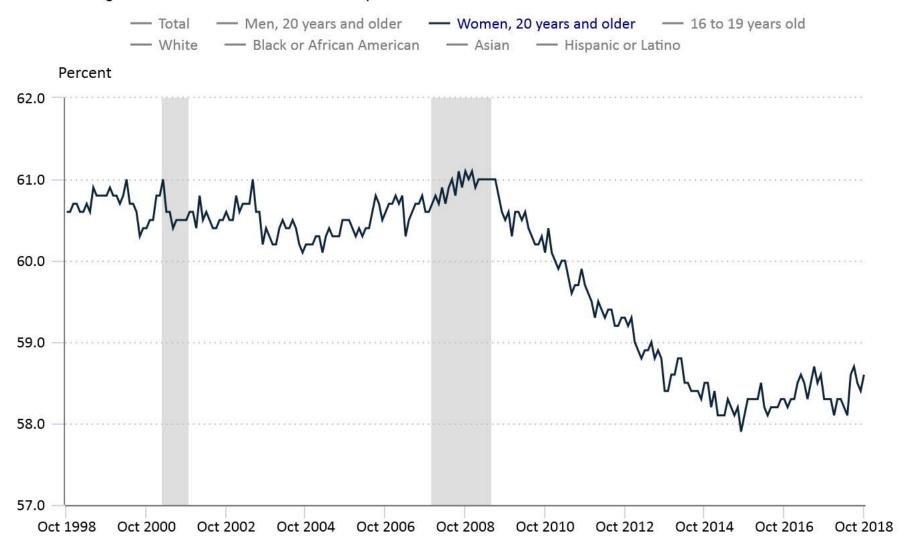
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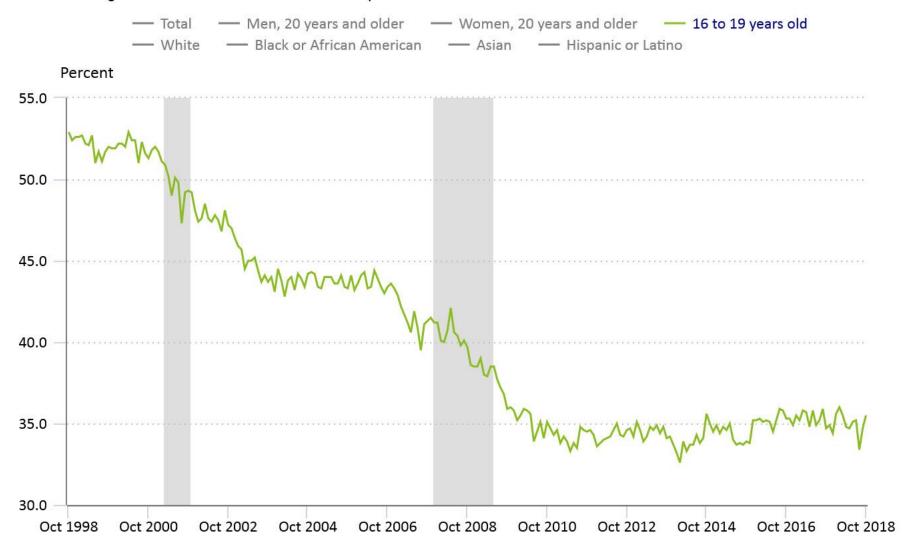
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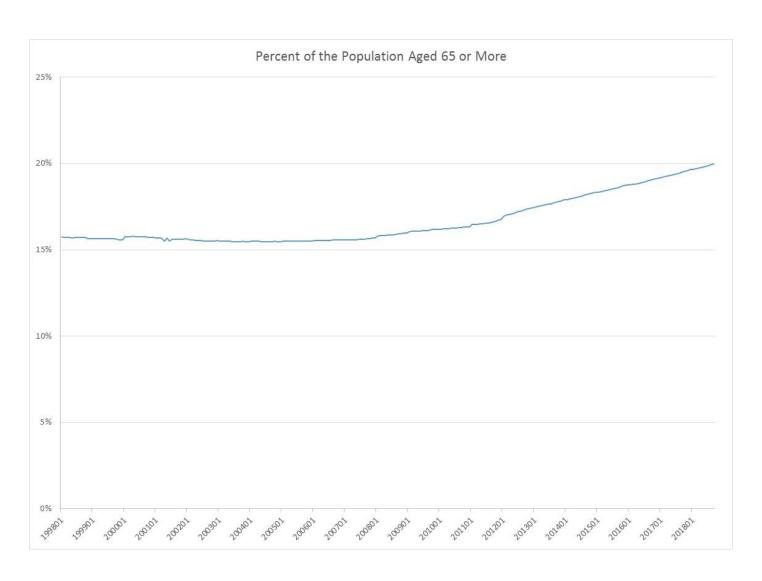
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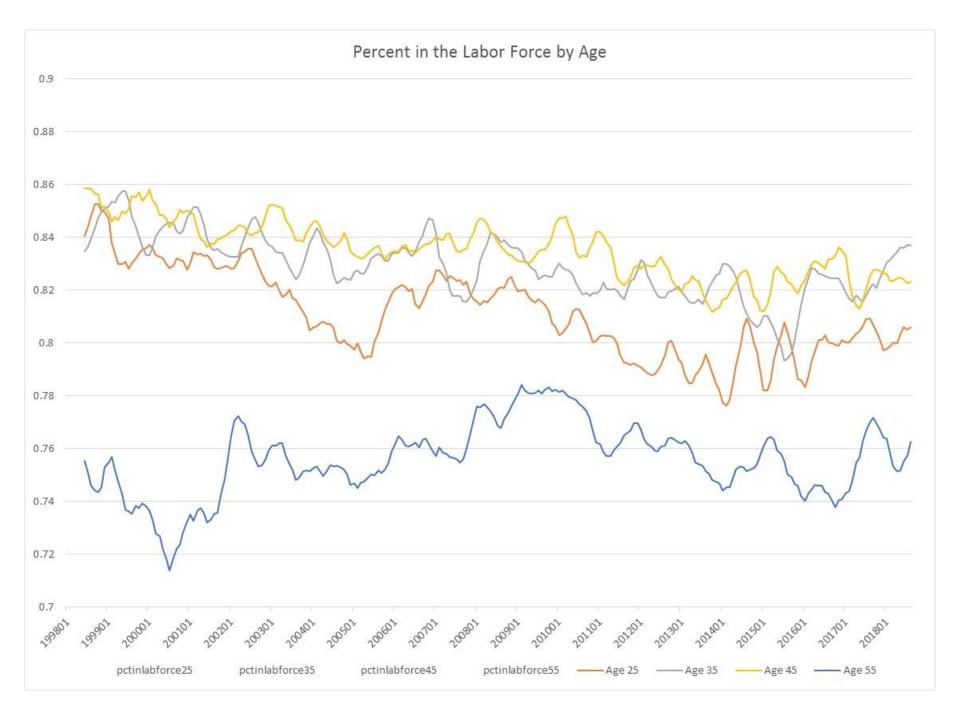


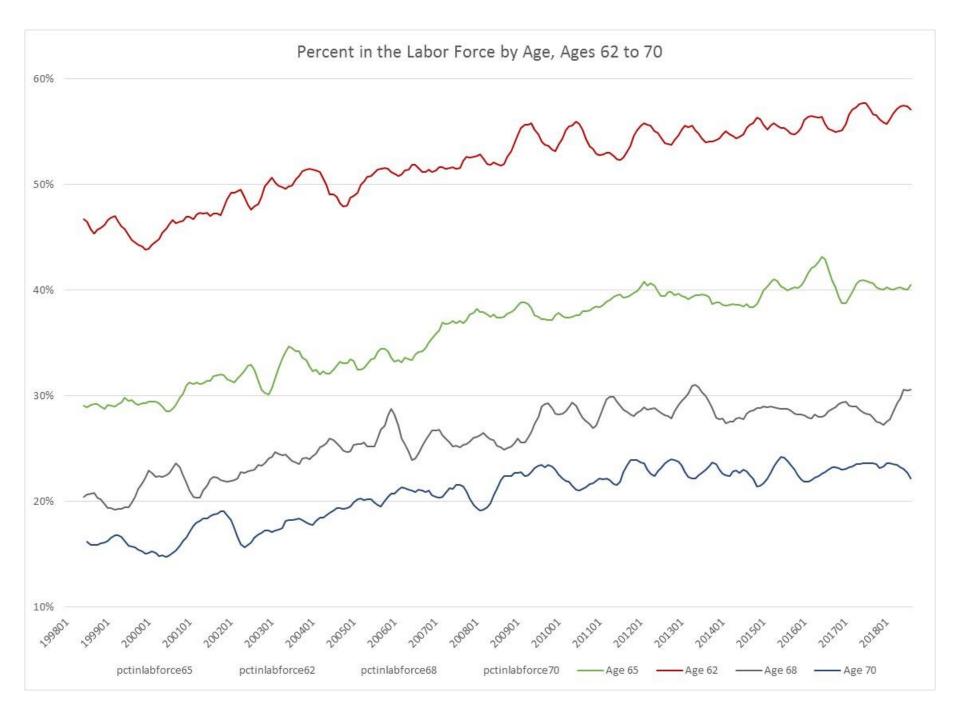
Are the Lower Labor Force Participation Rates Just Baby Boomer Aging?

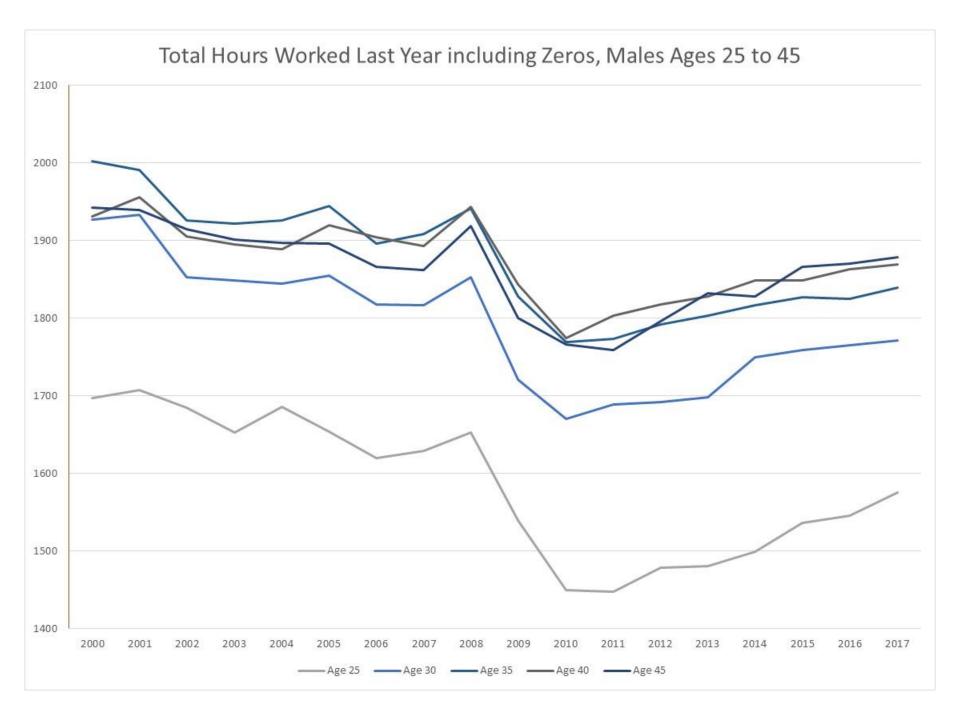


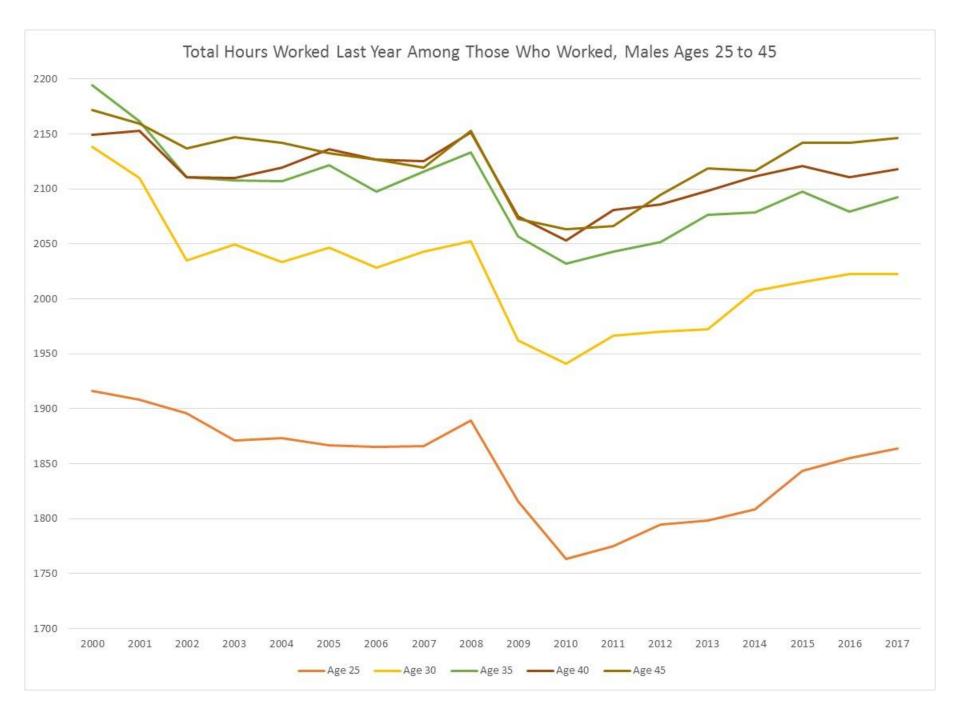
No, Baby Boomer Aging is not the Whole Story.

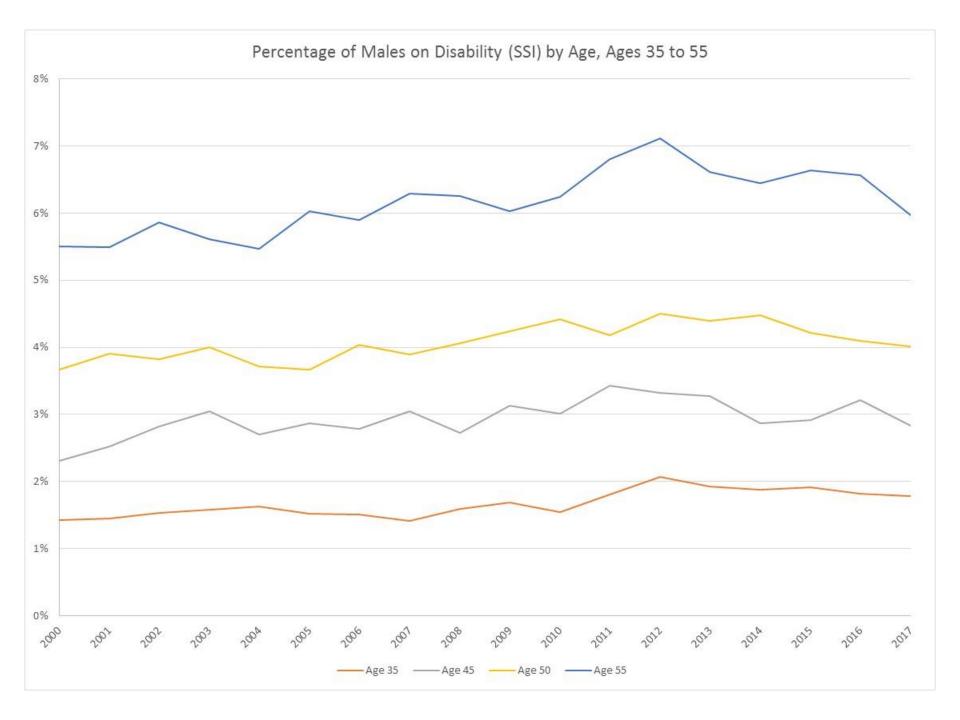
- Decreasing participation rates conditional on age
- Decreasing hours conditional on age
 - even if we look just at those who worked
- Increasing disability rates conditional on age
- Increases in school attendance among mature students
 - worrisomely: especially at for-profits and among likely defaulters
- Very little evidence of migration picking up during the recession

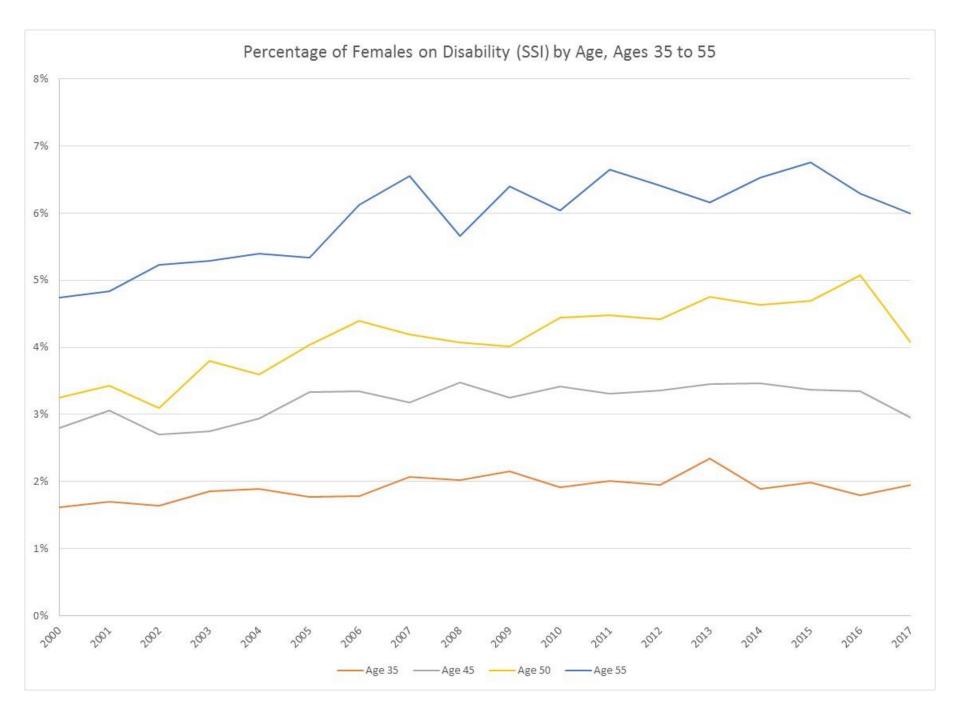




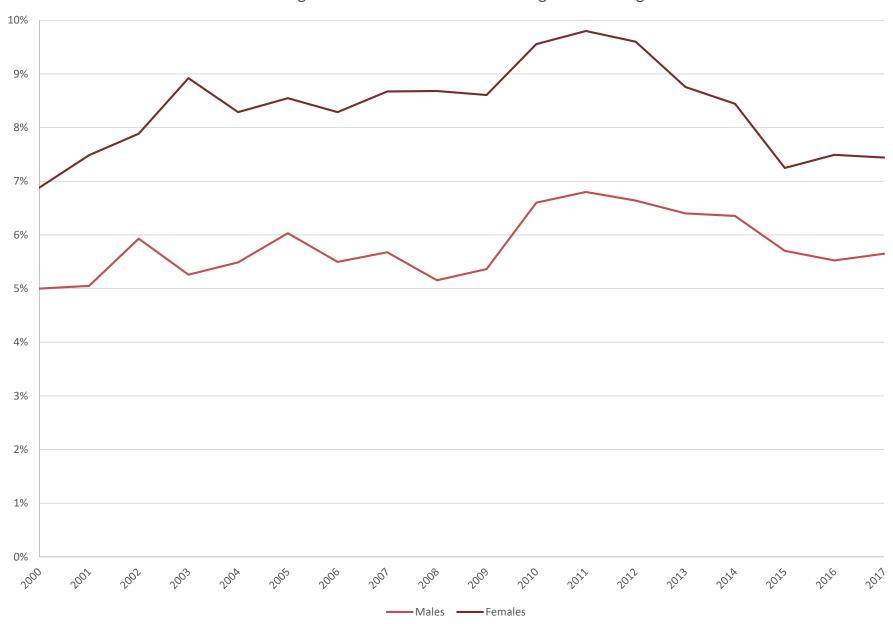








Percentage of Males & Females Attending School at Age 35

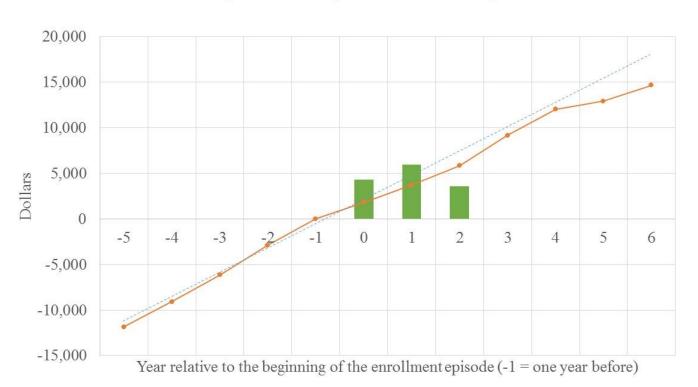


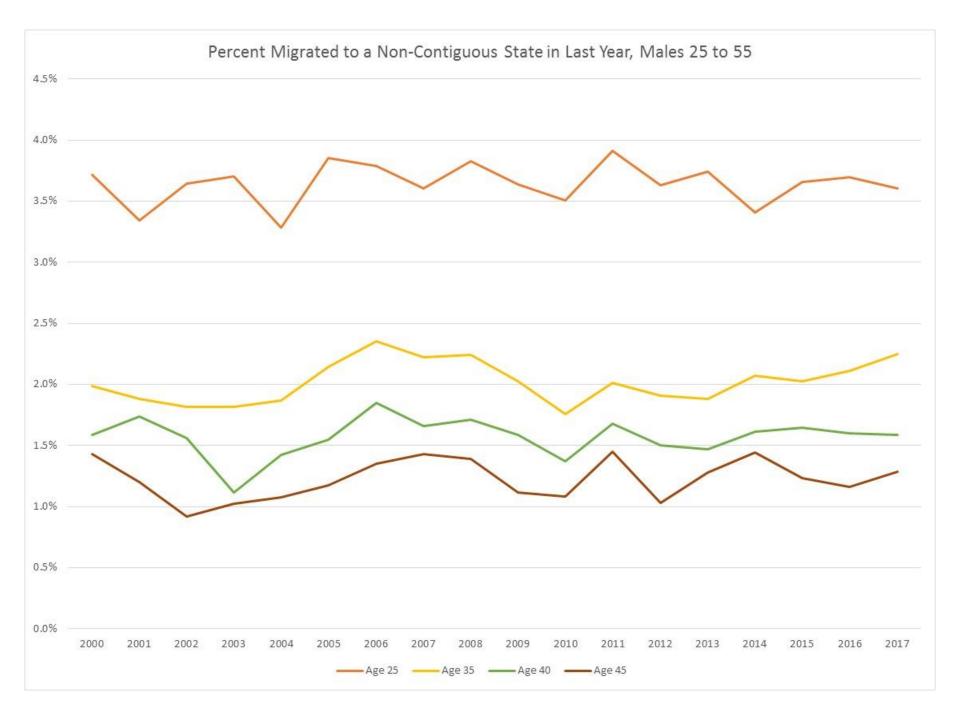
Earnings and costs associated with 3-year enrollment episodes at For-Profit Mainly-Online Schools



Earnings and costs associated with 3-year enrollment episodes at For-Profit Exclusively-Online Schools

- Tuition paid by student
- -Earnings relative to the year before enrollment episode





Can we point to policies?

- Extensions of unemployment insurance that can be a precursor for disability qualification.
- Extensions of unemployment insurance that may cause skills to deteriorate.
- More welcoming attitudes for social insurance: disability, SNAP etc.
- States' use of stimulus money to prop up wages of state and local workers when state coffers were low.
- Substantial increases in the amount of the Pell Grant plus making it available to the unemployed (even if they had previously exhausted their eligibility).
- Very substantial increases in the stipendary benefits of enrolling for veterans.
- Housing programs that did not encourage migration.

